

**ALGEBRA II REVIEW CHAPTERS 5 TO 9****POLYNOMIAL FUNCTIONS EXPRESSIONS AND EQUATIONS – RATIONAL FUNCTIONS**

Write a polynomial function in standard form with the given zeros.

1.  $x = 3, 2, -1$

2.  $x = 1, 1, 2$

3.  $x = -2, -1, 1$

Find the zeros of each function. State the multiplicity of multiple zeros.

4.  $y = (x - 2)(x + 4)$

5.  $y = (x - 7)(x - 3)$

6.  $y = (x + 1)(x - 8)(x - 9)$

7.  $y = x(x + 1)(x + 5)$

Find the real or imaginary solutions of each equation by factoring.

8.  $x^3 + 27 = 0$

9.  $8x^3 = 125$

10.  $9 = 4x^2 - 16$

11.  $x^2 + 400 = 40x$

12.  $0 = 4x^2 + 28x + 49$

13.  $-9x^4 = -48x^2 + 64$

Find all the zeros of each function.

14.  $f(x) = x^3 - 4x^2 + x + 6$

15.  $g(x) = 3x^3 - 3x^2 + x - 1$

16.  $h(x) = x^4 - 5x^3 - 8x + 40$

17.  $f(x) = 2x^4 - 12x^3 + 21x^2 + 2x - 33$

Divide.

18.  $(x^3 - 3x^2 + 2) \div (x - 1)$

19.  $(x^3 - x^2 - 6x) \div (x - 3)$

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**Simplify each sum or difference. State any restrictions on the variables.**

20.  $\frac{6x+1}{x+2} + \frac{2x-5}{2x+4}$

21.  $\frac{8}{x^2-25} + \frac{9}{x-5}$

22.  $\frac{x-3}{x^2+3x} + \frac{7}{x+3}$

23.  $\frac{3x}{x^2+5x+6} - \frac{2x}{x^2+8x+16}$

**Solve each equation. Check each solution.**

24.  $\frac{x}{4} = \frac{x+1}{3}$

25.  $\frac{2}{x^2-1} = \frac{4}{x+1}$

26.  $\frac{3x}{5} + \frac{4}{x} = \frac{4x+1}{5}$

27.  $\frac{3x}{x-2} = 4 + \frac{x}{5}$

28.  $x + \frac{x}{4} - \frac{x}{5} = 21$

29.  $\frac{3}{x+4} + \frac{5}{4} = \frac{18}{x+4}$