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## Practice

## 16-2 Natural Logarithms

Write each expression as a single natural logarithm.

1. $\ln 16-\ln 8$
2. $3 \ln 3+\ln 9$
3. $a \ln 4-\ln b$
4. $\ln z-3 \ln x$
5. $\frac{1}{2} \ln 9+\ln 3 x$
6. $4 \ln x+3 \ln y$
7. $\frac{1}{3} \ln 8+\ln x$
8. $3 \ln a-b \ln 2$
9. $2 \ln 4-\ln 8$

Solve each equation. Check your answers. Round your answer to the nearest hundredth.
10. $4 \ln x=-2$
11. $2 \ln (3 x-4)=7$
12. $5 \ln (4 x-6)=-6$
13. $-7+\ln 2 x=4$
14. $3-4 \ln (8 x+1)=12$
15. $\ln x+\ln 3 x=14$
16. $2 \ln x+\ln x^{2}=3$
17. $\ln x+\ln 4=2$
18. $\ln x-\ln 5=-1$
19. $\ln e^{x}=3$
20. $3 \ln e^{2 x}=12$
21. $\ln e^{x+5}=17$
22. $\ln 3 x+\ln 2 x=3$
23. $5 \ln (3 x-2)=15$
24. $7 \ln (2 x+5)=8$
25. $\ln (3 x+4)=5$
26. $\ln \frac{2 x}{41}=2$
27. $\ln (2 x-1)^{2}=4$

Use natural logarithms to solve each equation. Round your answer to the nearest hundredth.
28. $e^{x}=15$
29. $4 e^{x}=10$
30. $e^{x+2}=50$
31. $4 e^{3 x-1}=5$
32. $e^{x-4}=2$
33. $5 e^{6 x+3}=0.1$
34. $e^{x}=1$
35. $e^{\frac{x}{5}}=32$
36. $3 e^{3 x-5}=49$
37. $7 e^{5 x+8}=0.23$
38. $6-e^{12 x}=5.2$
39. $e^{\frac{x}{5}}=25$
40. $e^{2 x}=25$
41. $e^{\ln 5 x}=20$
42. $e^{\ln x}=21$
43. $e^{x+6}+5=1$

By measuring the amount of carbon-14 in an object, a paleontologist can determine its approximate age. The amount of carbon-14 in an object is given by $y=a e^{-0.00012 t}$, where $a$ is the amount of carbon- 14 originally in the object, and $t$ is the age of the object in years.
44. A fossil of a bone contains $32 \%$ of its original carbon-14. What is the approximate age of the bone?
45. A fossil of a bone contains $83 \%$ of its original carbon-14. What is the approximate age of the bone?

